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APPLICATION NO.		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/696,981 10/30/2003		10/30/2003	Yaoqi Joe Liu	57750US002	7865	
32692	7590	06/09/2004	EXAM	EXAMINER		
3M INNO	VATIVE	E PROPERTIES CO	BOUTSIKARI	BOUTSIKARIS, LEONIDAS		
PO BOX 33 ST. PAUL,		133-3427	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
51111152,			2872			
			DATE MAILED: 06/09/2004			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Appl	ication No.	Applicant(s)				
			96,981	LIU ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Exar	niner	Art Unit	-40			
		Leo	Boutsikaris	2872				
Period fo	Th MAILING DATE of this communication	ation app ars o	on the cov r sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	idress			
A SH THE - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC, assions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) of period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply will eply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In ication. days, a reply within the ory period will apply l, by statute, cause the	no event, however, may a reply be times tatutory minimum of thirty (30) days and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ty. communication.			
Status								
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>30 Octob</u> er	<u> 2003</u> .					
·	a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.							
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)⊠ 6)⊠ 7)⊠	 ✓ Claim(s) 1-37 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. ✓ Claim(s) 24-30 and 34-37 is/are allowed. ✓ Claim(s) 1,4-6,12,22 and 31-33 is/are rejected. ✓ Claim(s) 2,3,7-11,13-21 and 23 is/are objected to. ✓ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 							
Applicati	on Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the I The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 October 200</u> Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to be	23 is/are: a)⊠ on to the drawin e correction is r	g(s) be held in abeyance. See equired if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
Pri rity u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	t(s)	•						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔯 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT r No(s)/Mail Date <u>2/5/04</u> .		Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		O-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because it contains the word "comprising". Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 4-6, 12, 22, 31-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parker (US 5,593,786).

Regarding claims 1, 22, Parker discloses a glass laminate comprising five layers including:

a first non-adhesive optical layer 10 (bottom layer),

an ith non-adhesive optical layer 10 (top layer);

a multilayer optical adhesive between the first and the ith layer, the optical adhesive comprising a pair of adhesive layers 13, each one adhered to a non-adhesive optical layer 10. In one embodiment, one of the optical adhesive layers has a refractive index of (1.521 +/- 0.001) and the other has a refractive index of (1.535 +/- 0.001), see Example 3, col. 10. Furthermore,

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Parker teaches that the glass laminate may be such that the two optical layers 10, each comprising glass, may be of different glass, i.e., one facing the interior of an automobile and the other facing the exterior (lines 1-12, col. 6). Parker does not teach that the multilayer optical adhesive comprises a sequence of optical adhesive layers whose refractive index increases in the order of position from the first non-optical layer, in other words, the optical adhesive layer 13 with the smallest refractive index is adherent to the glass layer 10 with the smallest refractive index, and consequently, the optical adhesive layer 13 with the largest refractive index is adherent to the glass layer 10 with the largest refractive index. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to place the adhesive layers with refractive indices in an ascending order, starting from the glass layer with the smallest refractive index, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable. involves only routine skill in the art. In re Antonie, 559 F.2d 618, 195 USPQ 6 (CCPA 1977), In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980). The result effective variable here is the order of the various adhesive layers relative to the glass layers. One would have been motivated to arrange the adhesive layers in that order in order to match the refractive indices of adjacent layers as much as possible, to avoid undesired internal reflections of the incident light (see lines 36-46, col. 2).

Regarding claims 4-5, the glass laminate of Parker further includes one (i.e., x-2, where x=3) polymeric layer 12 between a first adhesive layer 13 adjacent to the first non-adhesive layer 10 and an xth adhesive layer 13 adjacent to the ith non-adhesive layer 10 (lines 36-38, col. 3).

Regarding claim 6, the difference between refractive indices of any two adjacent layers of the multilayer optical adhesive is no greater than 0.05 (see Table in Example 3, col. 10).

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Regarding claim 12, the first layer 10 and the ith layer 10 are non-adhesive optical component layers comprising glass (line 22, col. 3).

Regarding claims 31-32, Parker teaches that the adhesive layers are disposed between the two glass layers so that reflectivity at the interface between the two optical layers is reduced (lines 36-39, col. 2).

Claim 33 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Parker (US 5,593,786) in view of Hitschmann (EP 0942054).

Parker discloses all the limitations of the above claim except for teaching that the optical adhesive layers comprise pressure sensitive adhesive layers. Hitschmann discloses a multilayer optical adhesive comprising at least one pressure sensitive adhesive layer 2 and at least one cured structural hybrid adhesive layer 3, positioned between two optical, non-adhesive substrates 1 and 4 (Fig. 1a and Abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use pressure sensitive adhesives for the optical adhesive layers 13 in the glass laminate of Parker, as taught by Hitschmann, since pressure sensitive adhesives offer a balance of properties such as adhesion, cohesion, stretchiness, and elasticity.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2-3, 7-11, 13-21, 23 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 24-30, 34-37 are allowed.

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Claims 2-3, 7-11, 13-21, 23-30, 34-37 are allowable over the prior art of record for at least the reason that even though the prior art discloses multilayer optical adhesives, the prior art fails to teach or reasonably suggest, regarding claim 2, a multilayer optical composite wherein the multilayer optical adhesive comprises three or more adhesive layers, regarding claim 3, a multilayer optical composite wherein the multilayer optical adhesive consists essentially of 3 to 20 polymeric layers with refractive indices monotonically changing, regarding claims 7-11, 23, a multilayer optical composite wherein the multilayer optical adhesive comprises 5 or more layers, regarding claims 13-16, a multilayer optical composite wherein the first and the ith layer have specific claimed refractive indices, regarding claims 17-20, a multilayer optical composite wherein the multilayer optical adhesive consists essentially of 4 or more adhesive layers, regarding claim 21, a multilayer optical composite wherein the multilayer optical composite is a touch screen display comprising a conductive layer, regarding claims 24-25, a multilayer optical adhesive wherein the polymeric intermediate layer has a refractive index between nal and nai, regarding claims 26-30, a multilayer optical adhesive comprising 3 or more adhesive layers having indices of refraction varying monotonically between the outermost adhesive layers, and regarding claims 34-37, a method of producing a multilayer optical adhesive wherein the polymeric intermediate layer has a refractive index between na1 and nai, as set forth by the claimed combination.

It is noted that in Parker's glass laminate, the intermediate polymeric layer 12 has a refractive index, which is greater than the refractive index of both adjacent optical adhesive layers 13 (see Table in Example 3, col. 10). Furthermore, even though Hitschmann discloses a

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multilayer optical adhesive (Figs. 2-3), he does not teach or suggest any values for the refractive indices for the various adhesive layers.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Leo Boutsikaris whose telephone number is 571-272-2308.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Leo Boutsikaris, Ph.D. Patent examiner, AU 2872

June 4, 2004